



READ Commands

Application Note

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Sx and Tx switch families include the SC6432, SD3624, SE6432 and TE6432 LCD Keyswitches with command driven serial interfaces. They integrate a graphical liquid crystal display with **RGB** backlighting in a keyswitch. The keys are controlled via a serial interface to the integrated *MSC™* electronics, which control the interface, display and backlighting. Sx and Tx keys self-initialise without external setup commands. Data is only transmitted when a change is made to the display or background colors.

Only six contact terminals are required to provide power, clock and data lines as well as switch contacts. The contact pins of the internal switch are isolated from the internal electronics.

This document describes the **READ COMMANDS (ID & Serial Number)**. The purpose of this enhancement is it to enable customer systems to automatically detect which version is in use since identical hardware set-ups can be used for all switches with *MSC™* electronics. In addition, by knowing the serial number, [E³] can confirm the production parameters including calibration settings and trace production and material charges.

READ COMMANDS

| Command | Command Name / Description | Comments |
|---------|--|---|
| 0x44 | Read Keyswitch ID* THIS COMMAND FORCES THE KEYSWITCH TO ANSWER ON THE CLOCK AND DATA LINE. <small>(The clock is generated by the switch; see Application Notes at www.e3-keys.com)</small> | The answer is consisting of ASCII characters representing the Keyswitch ID and is terminated with CR (0x0D): SC6432 SD3624 SE6432 TE6432 (not supported in <i>Legacy Mode™</i>) |
| 0x45 | Read Serial Number * THIS COMMAND FORCES THE KEYSWITCH TO ANSWER ON THE CLOCK AND DATA LINE. <small>(The clock is generated by the switch; see Application Notes at www.e3-keys.com)</small> | The answer is consisting of 4 Bytes which give the serial Number in the following format and is terminated with CR (0x0D): SNYYWW##### Year (04-99) Week (01-52) Number (00000 .. 99999) (not supported in <i>Legacy Mode™</i>) |

NOTE: * To take advantage of these advanced functions your hardware must ensure that the keys are actively driving the serial data lines in *MSC™* mode.

Command Examples

| Read Keyswitch ID: 01001000 (0x44) | | |
|---|------|-------------------|
| Binary | HEX | Comments |
| 01001000 | 0x44 | Read Keyswitch ID |
| The Key will answer by generating its own clock and data signals. The following examples show the answers for the different key types: | | |
| 0x53 0x43 0x33 0x32 0x31 0x36 0x0D = SC6432 CR | | |
| 0x53 0x44 0x33 0x36 0x32 0x34 0x0D = SD3624 CR | | |
| 0x53 0x45 0x36 0x34 0x33 0x32 0x0D = SE6432 CR | | |
| 0x54 0x45 0x36 0x34 0x33 0x32 0x0D = TE6432 CR | | |

| Read Serial Number: 01001001 (0x45) | | |
|---|------|--|
| Binary | HEX | Comments |
| 01001001 | 0x45 | Read Serial Number (format: SNYYWW#####) |
| <p>The key will answer by generating its own clock and data signals</p> <p>The following example shows the format of the answer:</p> <p>0x53 0x4E 0x32 0x35 0x30 0x33 0x30 0x35 0x30 0x39 0x33 0x0D = SN250305093 CR</p> | | |

Note: Since the serial numbers are unique, the READ Serial Number command may also be used to identify a control panel by, for example, using the serial number of key 1 as the identifier for a panel.

If key 1 were to be replaced, however, the panel identifier would need to be updated as well.

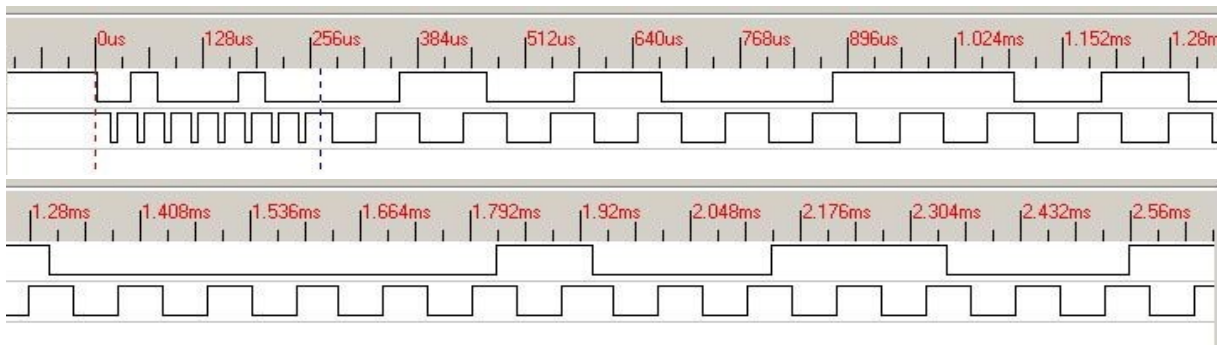
SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

Since the keyswitches will respond on their own to the READ commands special considerations must be taken when designing the hardware and software.

In order to minimize the hardware and software constraints the keyswitches will respond regardless of the prior communication speed with a relatively low speed. The issued clock frequency will be roughly 10kHz ensuring that even slow microprocessors should be able to read back the data.

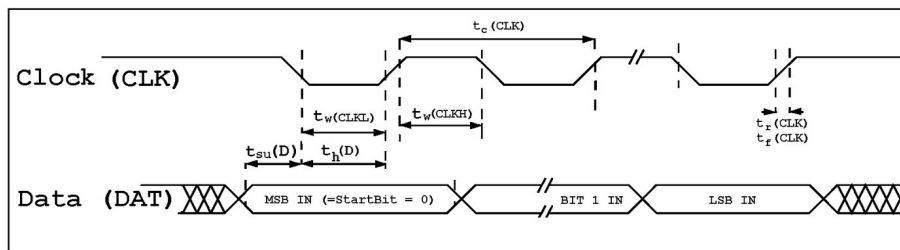
Sample Transmission

The following diagram shows the clock line taken by logic analyzer from an actual data transmission. Please note that the transmission is only partially shown and starts with the issued command **Read Keyswitch ID**.



For detailed timing descriptions for the signal phase and general timing please review the corresponding section in the datasheet.

Timing Diagram for Signals generated by [E³] Keys



| Symbol | Parameter | Min | Max | Unit |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|---------------|
| $t_c(\text{CLK})$ | Key generated CLK | 9 | 11 | kHz |
| $t_w(\text{CLKH})$ | Clock high time | 40 | 60 | μs |
| $t_w(\text{CLKL})$ | Clock low time | 40 | 60 | μs |
| $t_{su}(\text{D})$ | Data input setup time | 140 | | ns |
| $t_h(\text{D})$ | Data input hold time | 100 | | ns |
| $t_r(\text{CLK})$ | Clock rise time | | 25 | ns |
| $t_f(\text{CLK})$ | Clock fall time | | 25 | ns |

Source Code Sample for Receiving Serial Data from a [E³] Key

The following source is an excerpt of the DemoBoard firmware. Although the code refers to SA keys, all Sx and Tx key variants act identically.

The DemoBoard is controlled by a PIC16F627 controller. The relevant part of the schematic is shown following the source listing.

```
;
; *****
;
;           SRead
; *****
;
SRead:           ; Read Data = W from SA Key
                 ;           = and SABuf
;   SA_CLOCK_Stopp      ; Stop permanent clock on LCD Keys if active

                 ; functions
movlw           b'11101111'      ; I: RA0 Key1
                 ; I: RA1 Key2
                 ; I: RA2 Key1Data
                 ; I: RA3 Key2Data
                 ; 0: RA4 PowerON
                 ; I: RA5 VPP
                 ; I: RA6 CLK
                 ; I: RA7 CLK
movwf           PortAMask ; Save Default TRISA Setting
banksel         TRISA
movwf           TRISA
;
movlw           b'11001011'      ; I: RB0 PowerFail
                 ; I: RB1 RxD
                 ; 0: RB2 TxD
                 ; 1: RB3 LCDClock
                 ; 0: RB4 EEClock
                 ; 0: RB5 EEDATA
                 ; I: RB6 PGClock
                 ; I: RB7 PGData
movwf           TRISB
banksel         PortBMask
movwf           PortBMask      ; Save Default TRISB Setting
banksel         PORTB

rdloop
movlw           .8
```

```

    movwf  SABitCount  ; set the #bits to 8
    clrf Time          ; Reset Time to check for ReadError

bitin                                ; wait for clock high
    btfsc  Time,2      ; if timeout back with error
    goto  rderr
    btfss  PORTB,3     ; wait for clock high
    goto  bitin
wclklow
    btfsc  Time,2      ; if timeout back with error
    goto  rderr
    btfsc  PORTB,3     ; wait for clock low to shift in data
    goto  wclklow     ; if not wait again for clock low

sard
    clrf Time          ; Reset Timeout

    bcf  STATUS,C     ; clear Carry

    btfss  KeyMask, Key1 ; if Key1 selected
    goto  bitink2
    btfsc  PORTA, Key1   ; set carry equal to Key1
    bsf STATUS,C
    goto shiftin
bitink2
    btfss  KeyMask, Key2 ; if Key2 selected
    goto  shiftin
    btfsc  PORTA, Key2   ; set carry equal to Key1
    bsf STATUS,C
shiftin
    rlf  SABuf,f      ; shift in bit

sard2
    decfsz SABitCount, F ; 8 bits done?
    goto  bitin       ; no - nxt bit

    movf SABuf,W      ;
    goto SAREadx

rderr
    clrf SABuf
    goto SAREadx2

SAREadx
    call TX
    movf SABuf,w      ;
    sublw 0x0d
    btfss STATUS,Z
goto rdloop

```



```

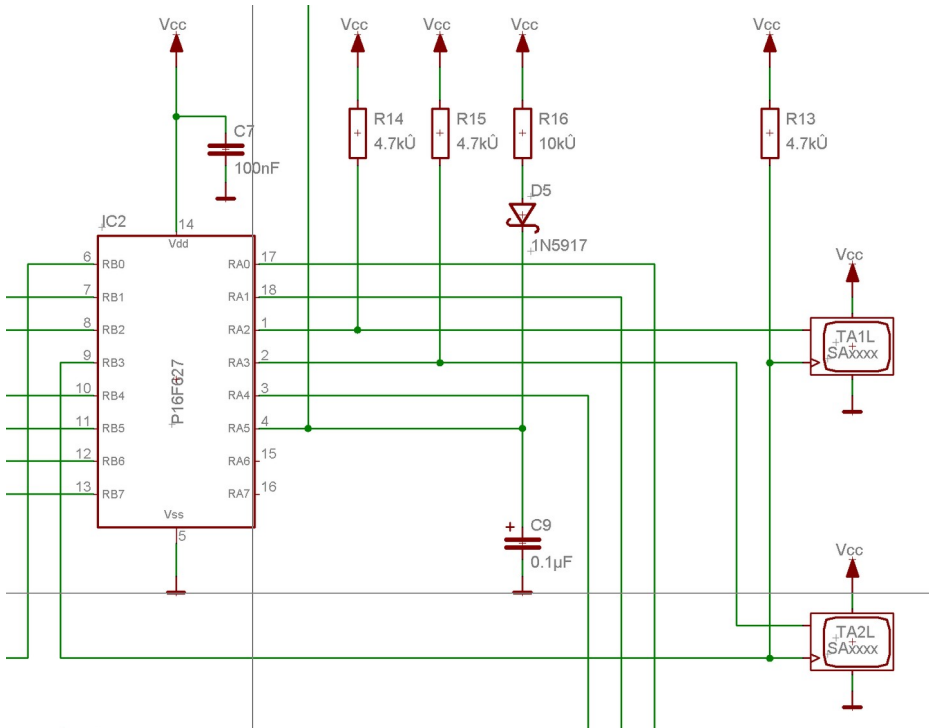
SAReadx2
    movlw    0x0a        ; new line
    call TX
                        ; functions
    movlw b'11100011'    ; I: RA0 Key1
                        ; I: RA1 Key2
                        ; O: RA2 Key1Data
                        ; O: RA3 Key2Data
                        ; O: RA4 PowerON
                        ; I: RA5 VPP
                        ; I: RA6 CLK
                        ; I: RA7 CLK
    movwf PortAMask      ; Save Default TRISA Setting
    banksel TRISA
    movwf TRISA

    movlw b'11000011'    ;
                        ; I: RB0 PowerFail
                        ; I: RB1 RxData
                        ; O: RB2 TxData
                        ; O: RB3 LCDClock
                        ; O: RB4 EEClock
                        ; O: RB5 EEDATA
                        ; I: RB6 PGClock
                        ; I: RB7 PGData
    movwf TRISB
    banksel PortBMask
    movwf PortBMask      ; Save Default TRISB Setting

    return

```

PARTIAL SCHEMATIC OF THE DEMOBOARD



The Sx keys are directly connected to the PIC16F627 controller. In this schematic we just see the clock and data lines of the Sx switches. The contact matrix is not shown since it is not relevant for the communication.

The Clock signal is generated on PortPin RB3 of the PIC16F627 and is common for both Sx keys in the example.

Data is sent and received through RA2 and RA3 respectively of the PIC16F627 microcontroller.

NOTICES

Copyright Notice

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Technical Notice

This datasheet is intended for technically qualified personnel trained in the field of electronics.

The knowledge of electronics and the technically correct implementation of the content of this datasheet are required for problem free installation, implementation and safe operation of the described product. Only qualified personnel have the required know-how to implement the specifications given in this data sheet.

For clarity, not all details regarding the product or its implementation, installation, operation, or maintenance have been included. Should you require additional information or further assistance, please contact your local [E³] distributor or [E³] Engstler Elektronik Entwicklung GmbH at techsupport@e3-keys.com. You may also visit our website at www.e3-keys.com.

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CHANGE HISTORY

| Version | Date | Comments |
|---------|----------|---|
| 0.1 | 03/08/04 | Initial draft document derived from Technical Datasheet 1.1 |
| 1.0 | 06/07/04 | Release |
| 2.0 | 11/01/05 | Updated document and layout |
| 2.1 | 03/14/06 | Updated layout |
| 2.2 | 02/15/11 | Command IDs corrected |
| 2.3 | 10/31/19 | New Formatting |
| 2.4 | 06/30/20 | Minor corrections |
| 3.0 | 06/20/22 | Updated release version |
| 3.1 | 10/24/24 | New corporate address |
| 3.2 | 05/06/25 | Keyswitch types updated AT to MSC™ electronics transition added Panel identifier note added |

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